

A light gray world map is centered in the background. In the upper right corner, there is a simple line drawing of a dove in flight, carrying an olive branch.

POST-COMMISSIONING MODEL VALIDATION OF IBR PLANTS

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Standards Workshop with the Focus on Post-commissioning
Conformity Assessment



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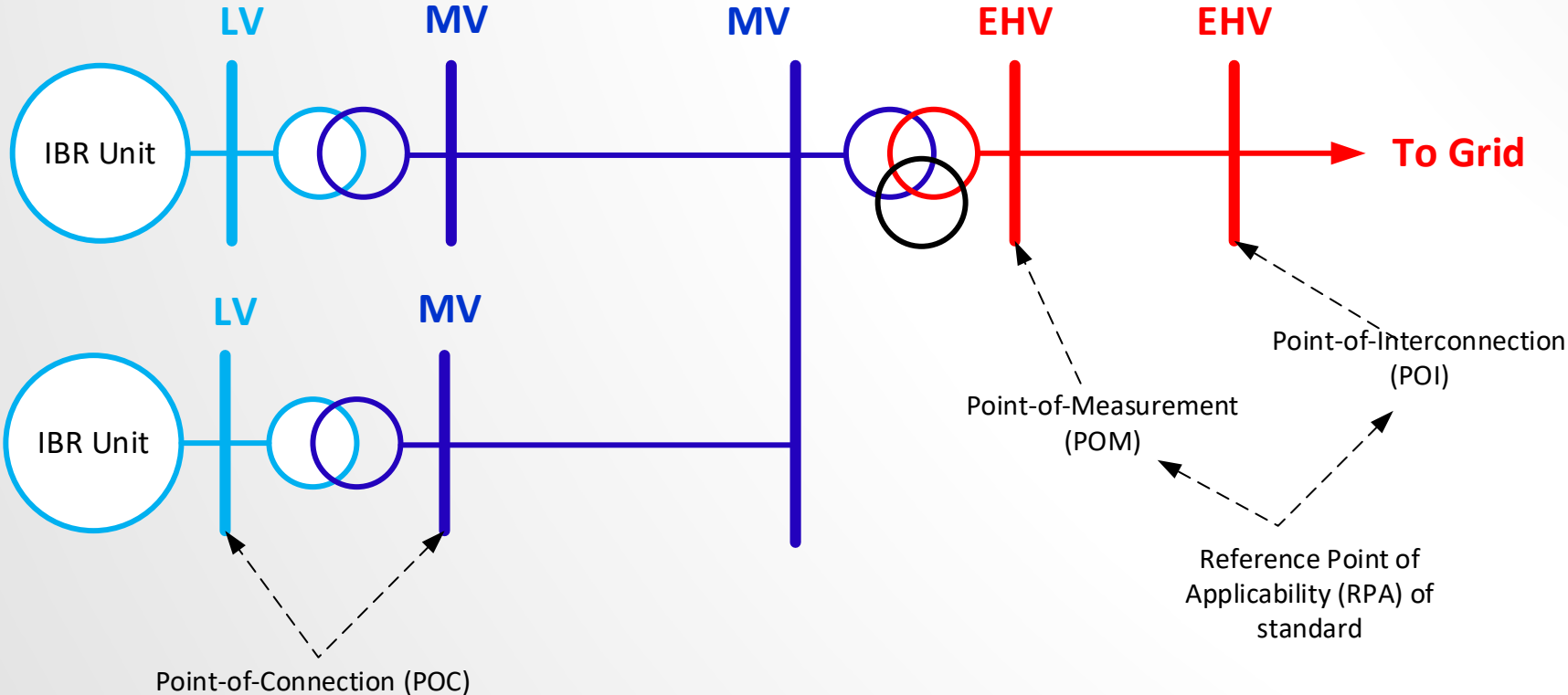
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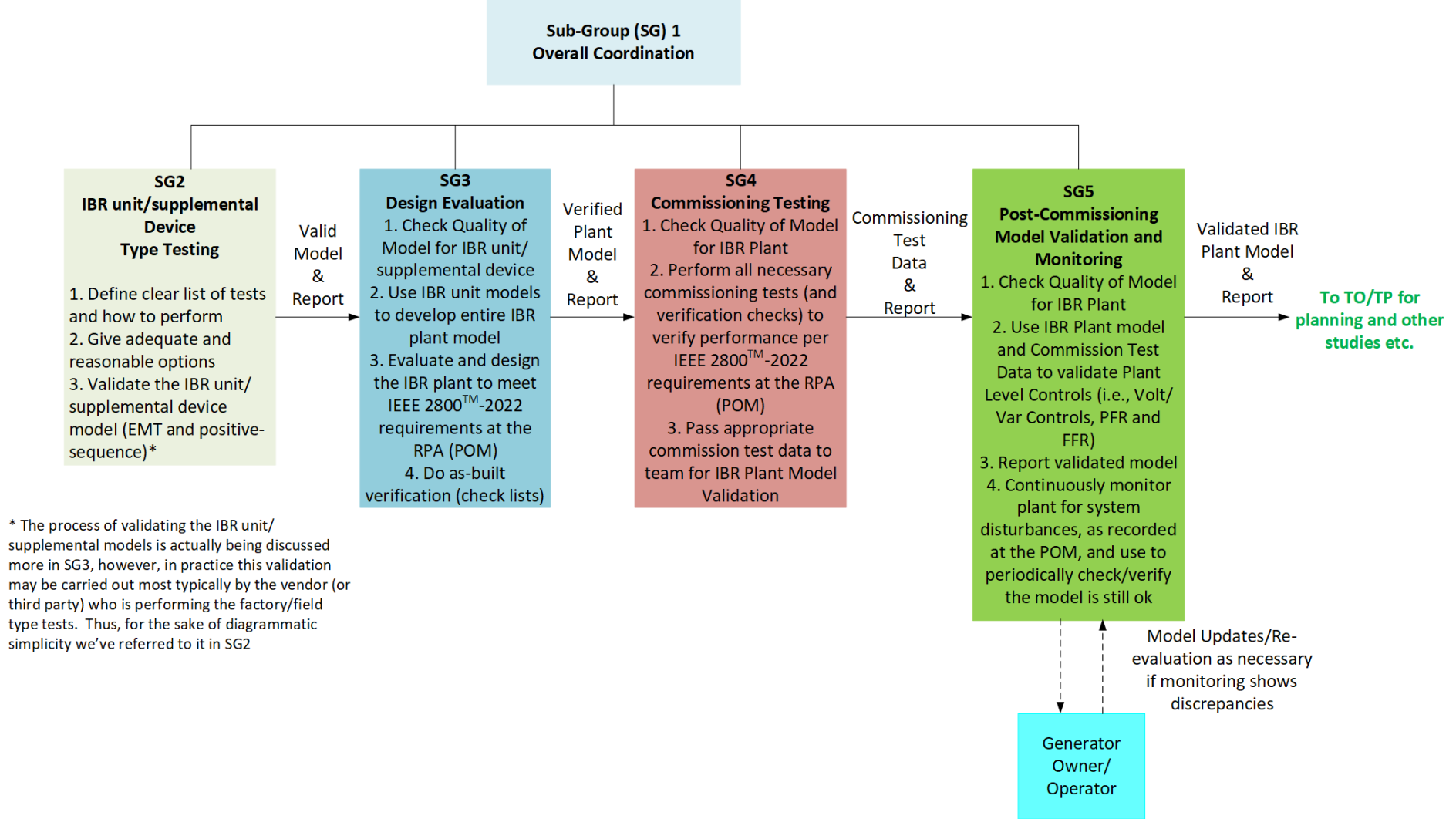
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IBR PLANT MODEL



HIGH LEVEL OVERVIEW OF IEEE P2800.2



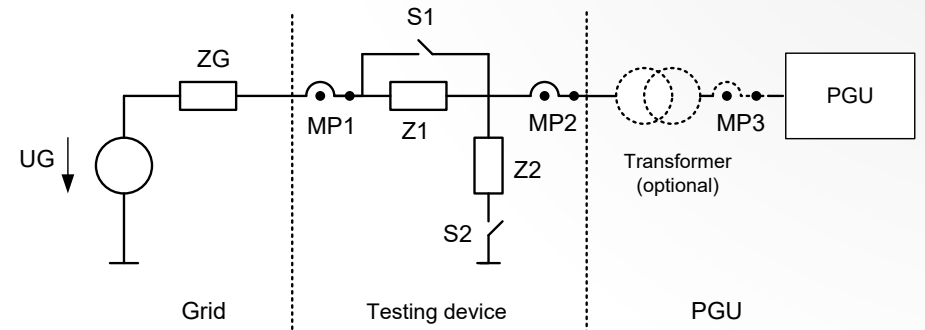
HIGH-LEVEL PREMISE

- The individual IBR units (and supplemental devices) are OEM type tested and their models validated
 - Electromagnetic Transient (EMT) user-defined model (UDM) by OEM
 - Phasor-Domain fundamental-frequency Transient stability tools (PDT) UDM by OEM
 - OEM parameterized standard-library (“generic”) PDT models
- The collector system and major electrical equipment are all modeled per nameplate data
 - Collector system is typically aggregated for the most part
 - Substation equipment is explicitly modeled
- **Once the entire plant model is developed, and carried through the design evaluation phase, it will need to be validated against field measurements from commissioning**
- **Post-commissioning monitoring can be quite helpful too – next presentation**

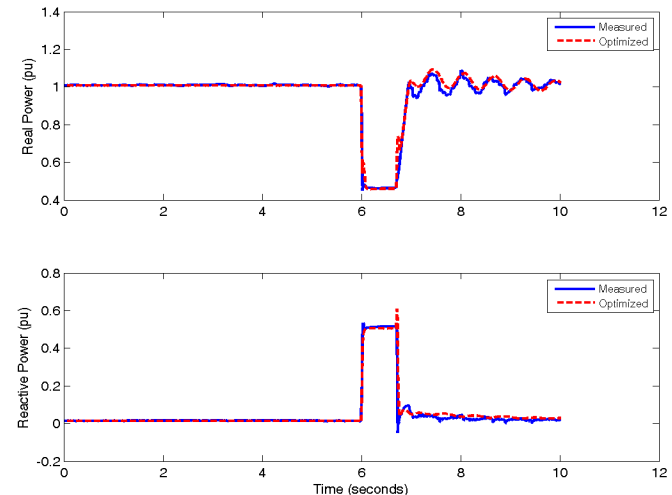


WHAT DOES TYPE TESTING VALIDATION LOOK LIKE – INDIVIDUAL IBR UNIT

- Tests include:
 - Reactive power capability
 - Active power controls
 - Primary Frequency Response (if applicable at IBR unit level)
 - Fast Frequency Response (if applicable at the IBR unit level)
 - Rate-of-change of frequency
 - Voltage and Frequency disturbance ride-through
 - Phase jump
 - Protection
 - Power Quality Testing
 - Documentation of many other factors (e.g. priority of response, TOV capability, etc.)



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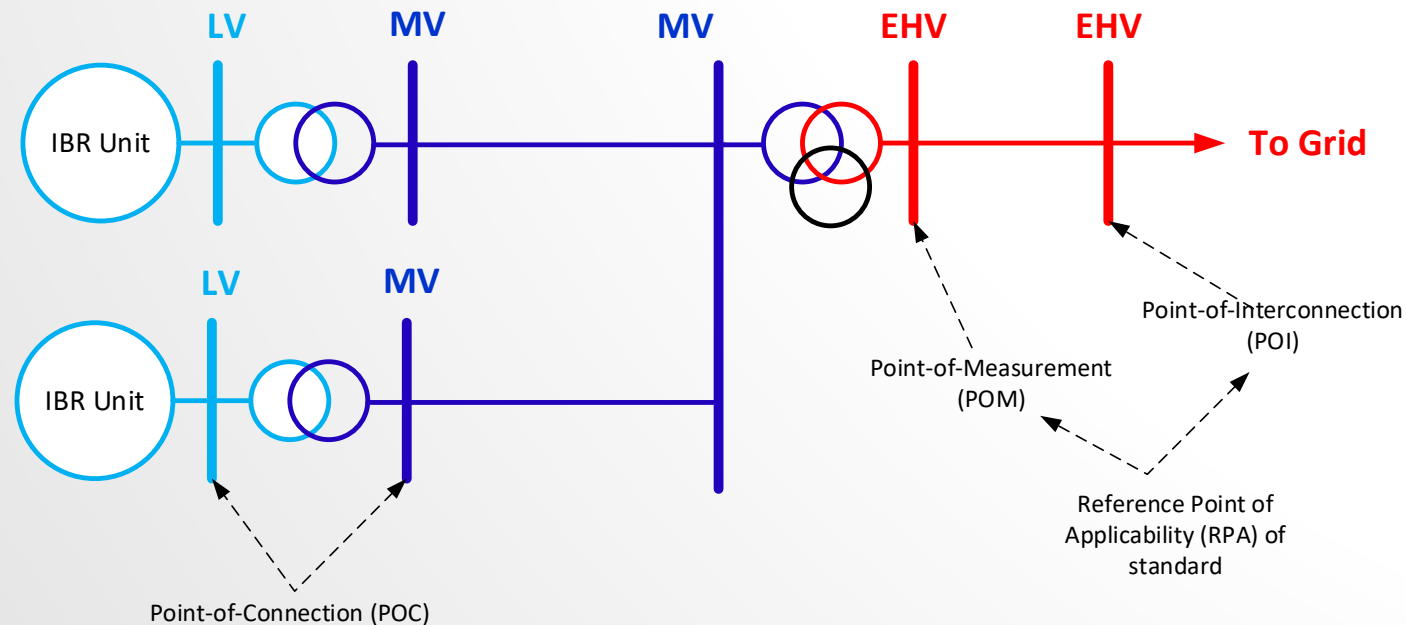


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COMMISSIONING TESTS

- There are many tests, and detailed documentation review, that will be done to verify field setting and conformity to expected IEEE 2800TM-2022 requirements
- In addition, some of the tests can also be specifically used for model validation of the entire plant model

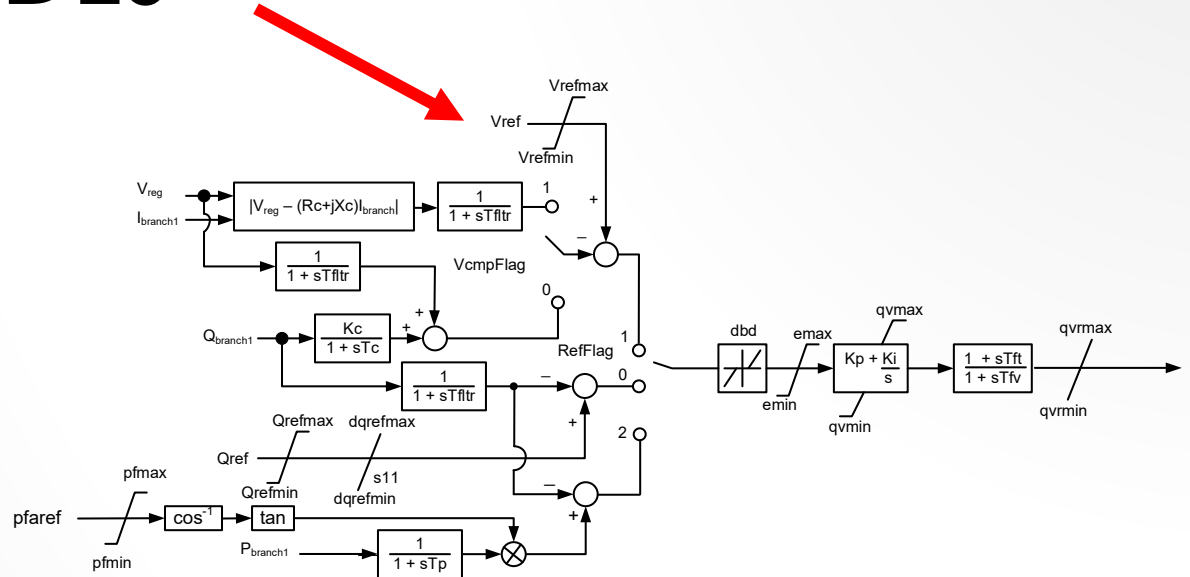
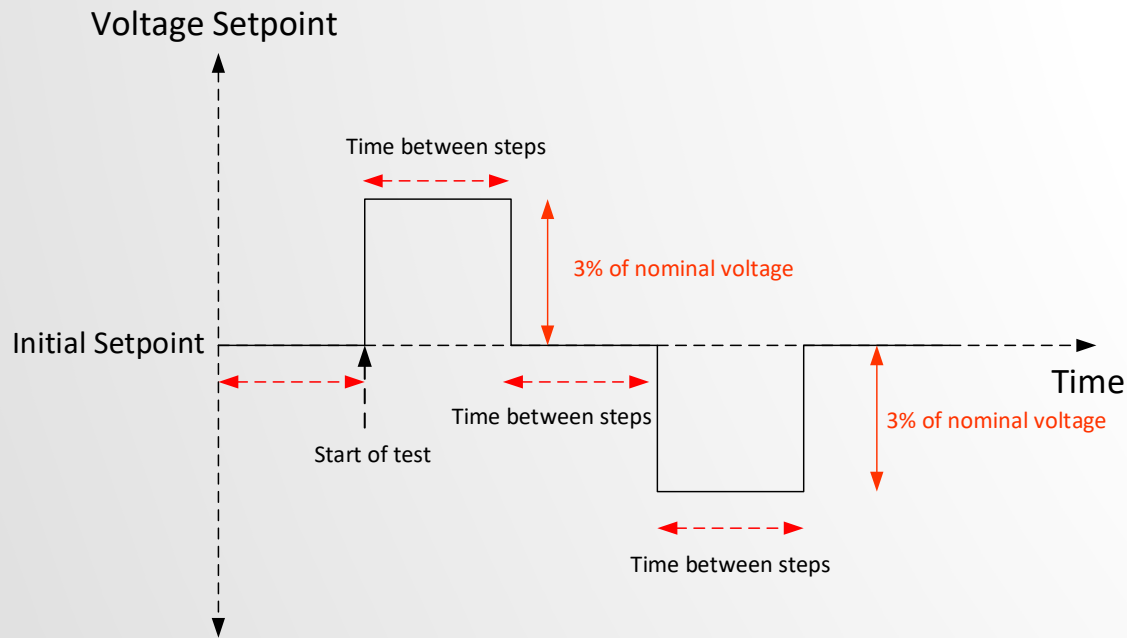


COMMISSIONING TESTS

- Execution of Mode or Parameter Changes
- Reactive power capability
- Voltage and reactive power control modes
- Primary frequency response
- Fast frequency response
- Harmonic/PQ
- Many other verification items



VOLTAGE AND REACTIVE POWER CONTROL MODES

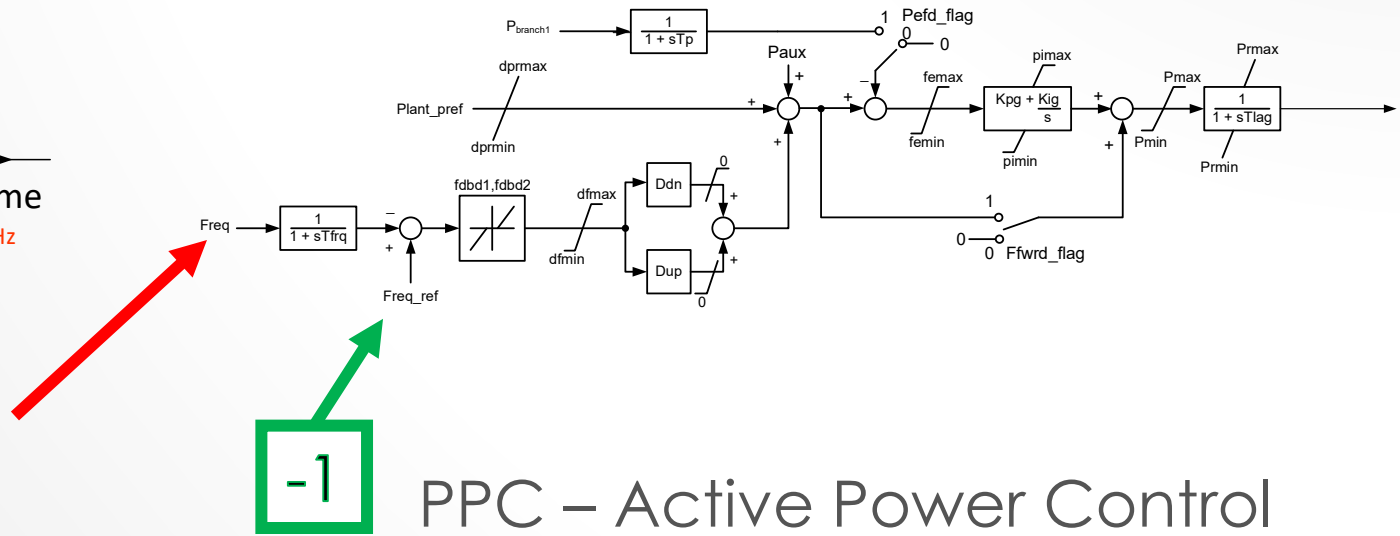
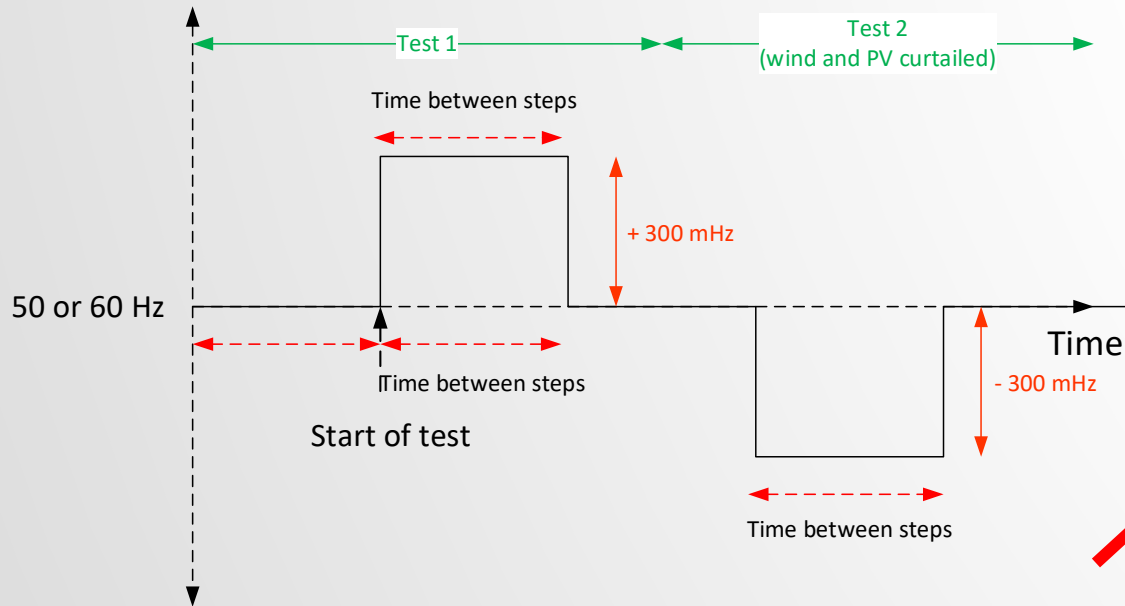


PPC – Reactive Power Control

Alternative test – switch a shunt device, if available, to cause a voltage change at the POM



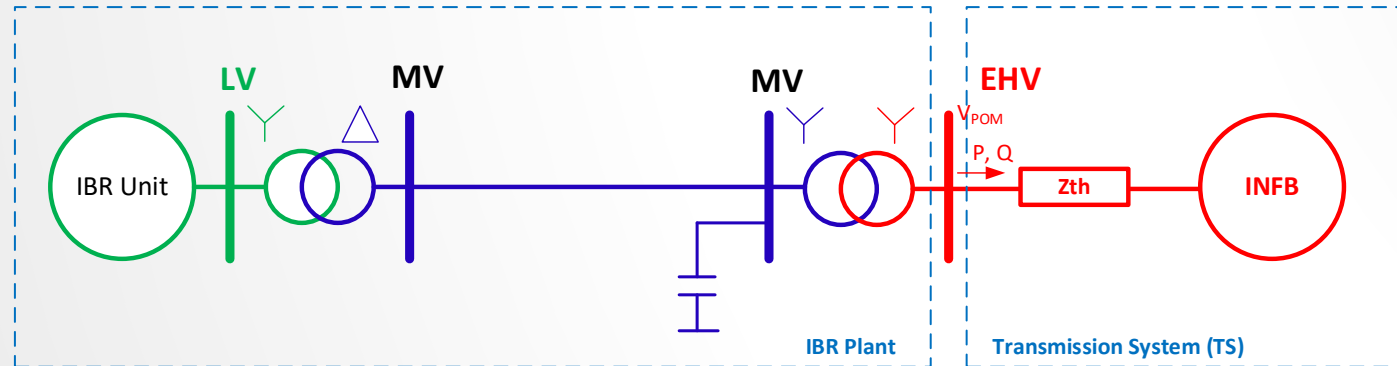
PFR AND FFR TESTING



For FFR $\Delta f = 500$ mHz typically



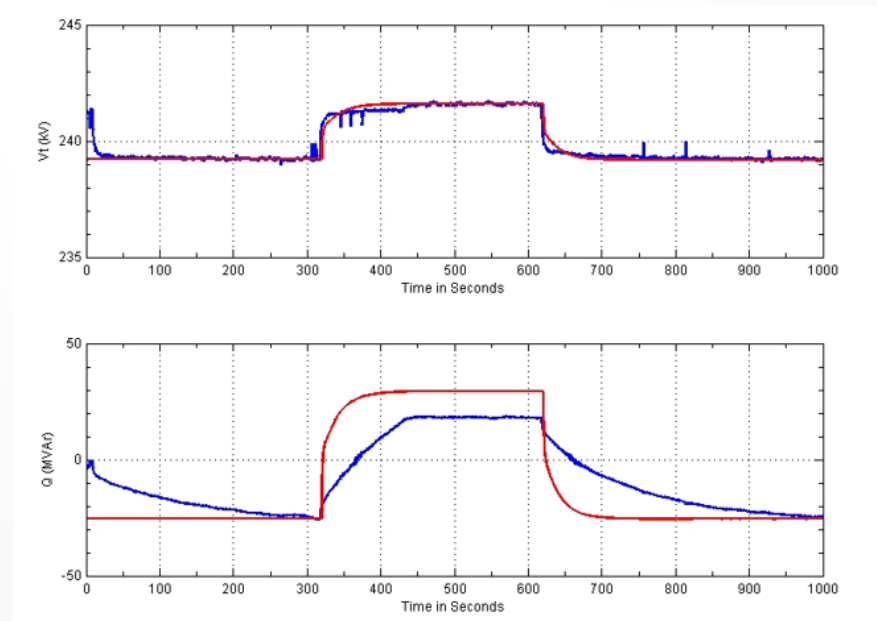
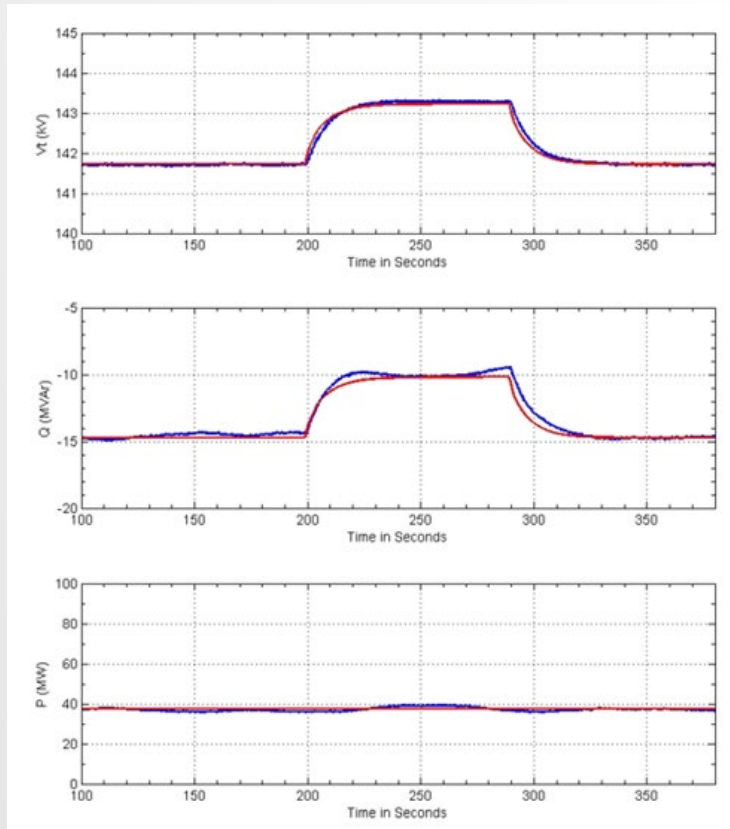
METHODS FOR VALIDATION



- INFB + source impedence
- Play back model
- Full (or partial) grid model – requires data from TP/TO

EXAMPLES

Simple INFB + source impedance model



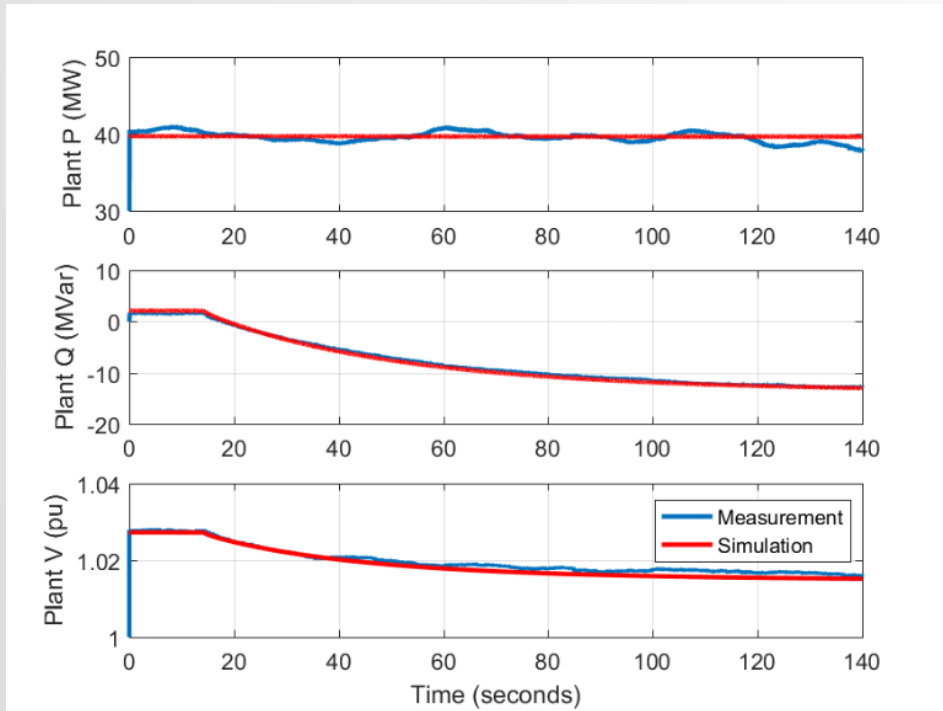
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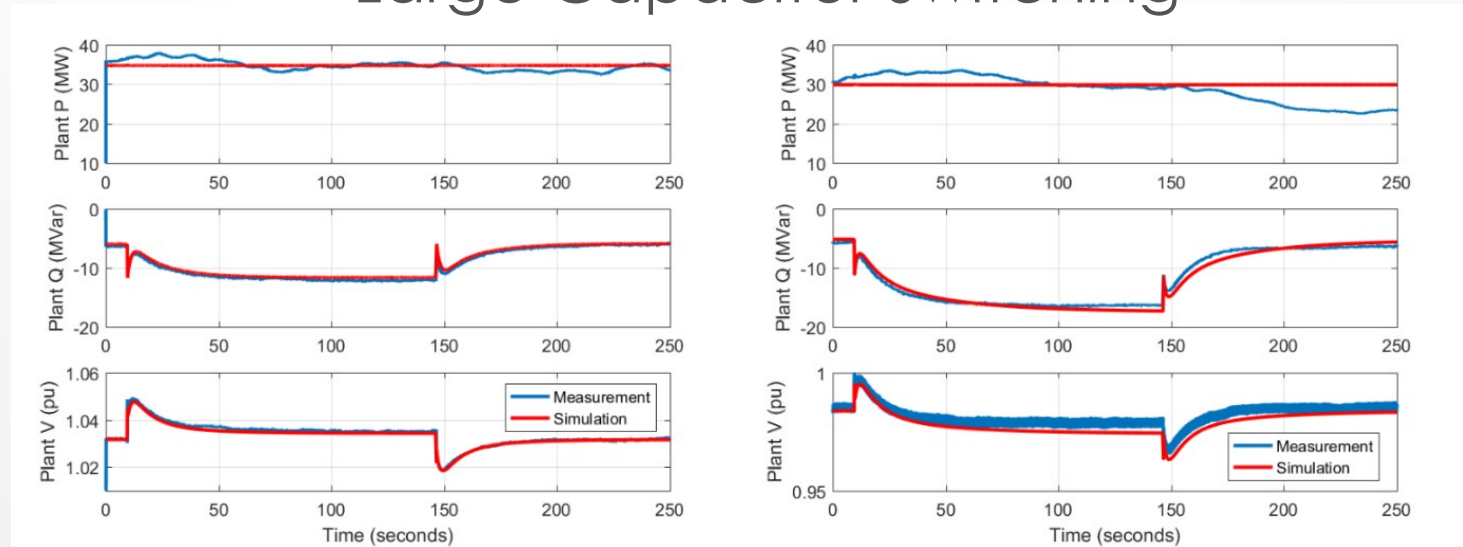
EXAMPLES

Grid Modeled in Detail

Reference Step



Large Capacitor Switching

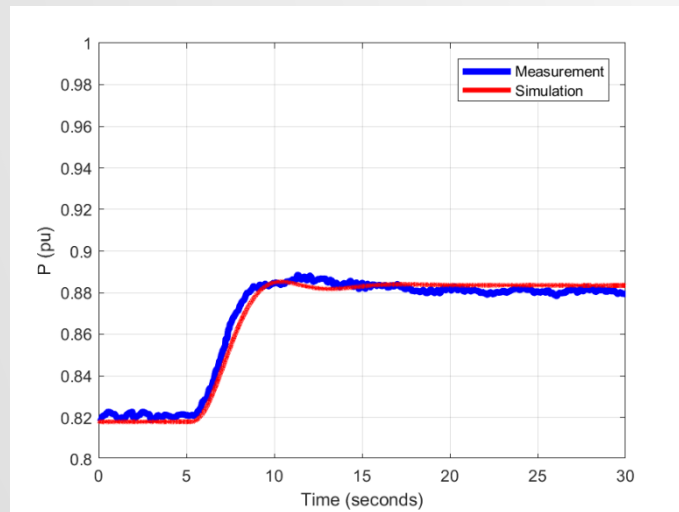


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EXAMPLES

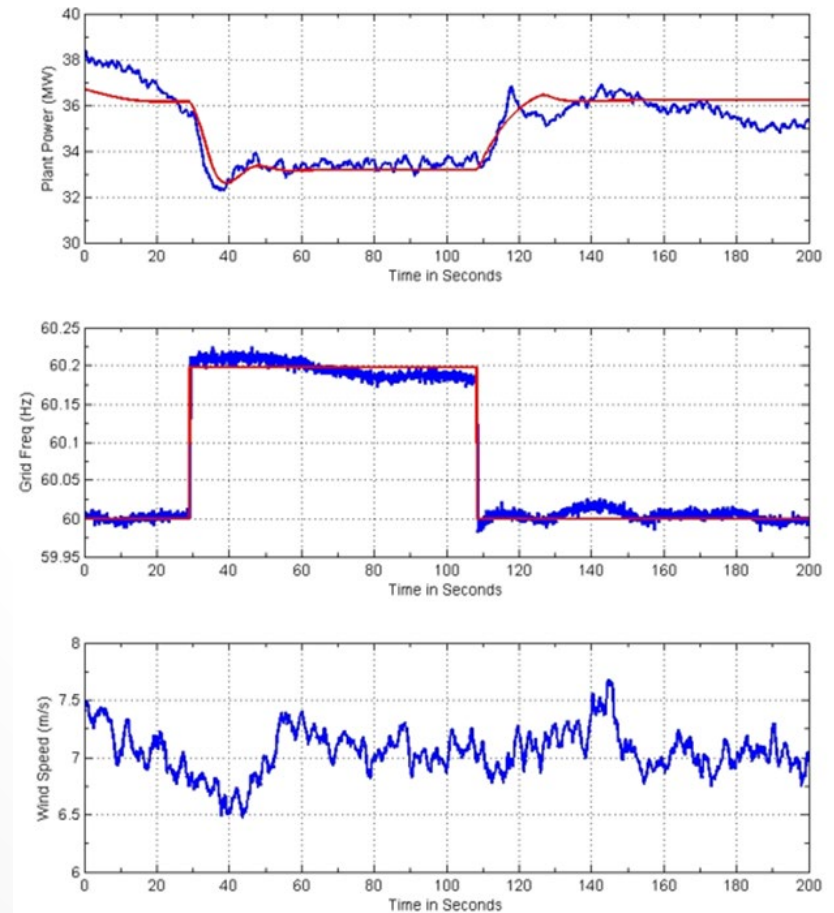
Frequency reference step-test



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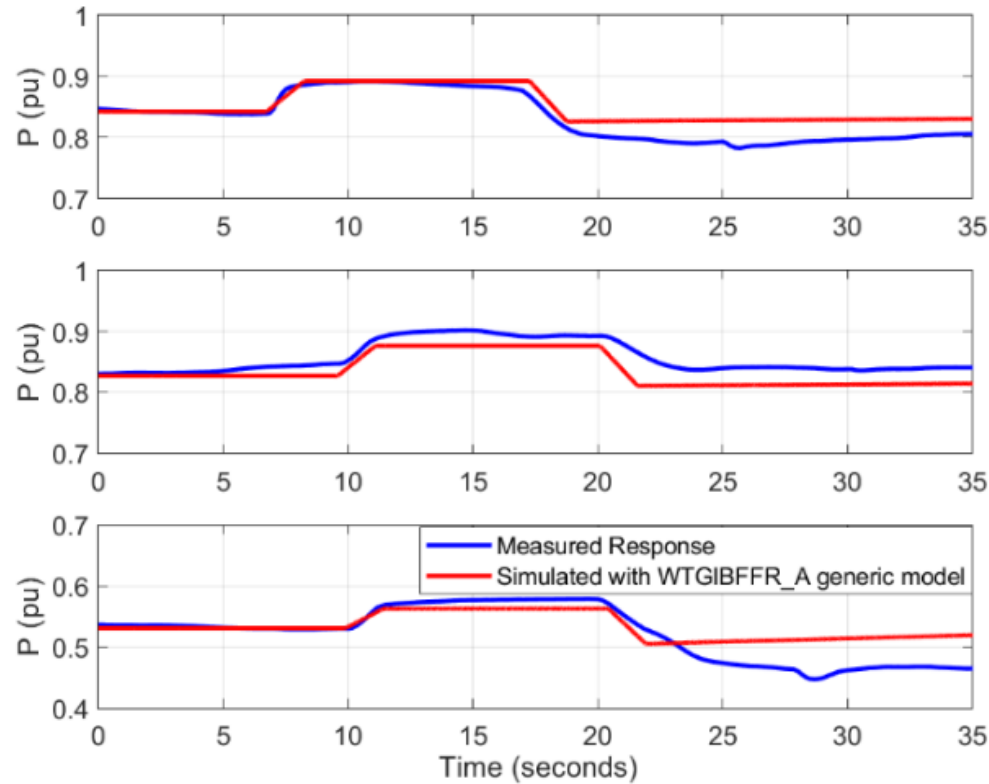
Frequency signal step-test



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EXAMPLES

FFR test on a Wind Power Plant



- Cannot capture wind fluctuations in aggregated stability model
- Aggregated model cannot capture nuances of wind speed at each turbine in plant (nor is this necessary for power systems analyses)

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SUMMARY

- IBR Unit Type Testing and Model Validation → Good and reliable IBR Unit models
- Develop the IBR Plant model based on nameplate data of the electrical components, aggregating the collector system appropriately, and explicitly modeling substation equipment
- Verify all equipment match actual filed settings
- Do post-commissioning tests (Volt/Var + PFR/FFR) and validate the IBR Plant Model



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